THE VILLAGE OF CUMBERLAND

LWMP Wastewater Advisory Committee Meeting #13

PREPARED BY: Paul Nash DATE: November 2 2017

Review of 2017 Field Work and Presentation of Discharge and Treatment Options



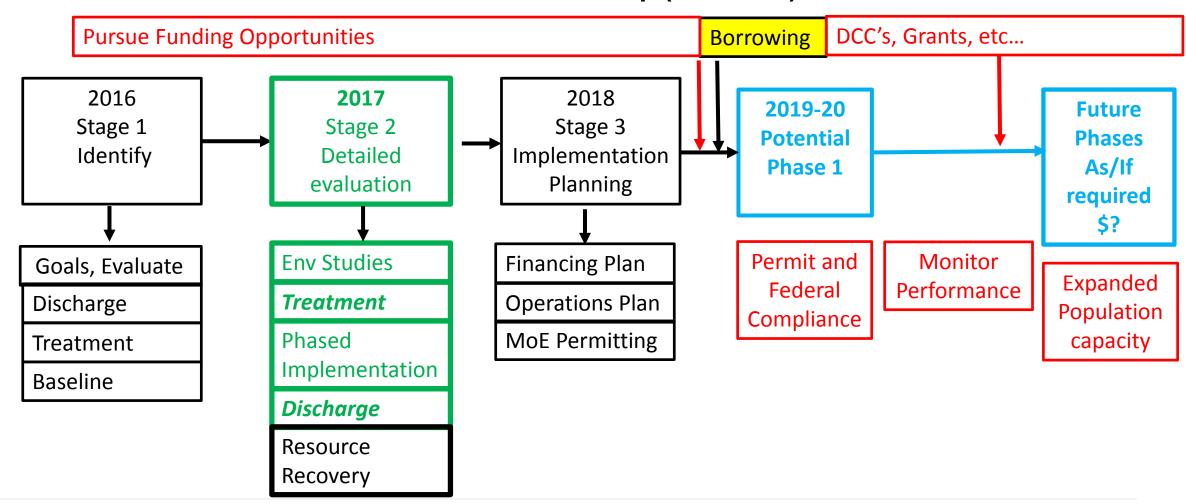


"to develop an environmentally sustainable method to treat the liquid waste that is produced by the Village"

WAC expanded mandate

"to develop an environmentally sustainable method to treat the liquid waste that is produced by the Village, that is *affordable*, and, ideally, economically *productive*, environmentally *enhancing* and socially *beneficial*"

Cumberland LWMP Road Map (Nov 2017)





Today's Objectives

- Review the information in the Technical Memo's
- Select a Preferred Discharge Option
- Select a Preferred Treatment Option

And that's it!



The Goals and **Evaluation System**

- A quantitative system for evaluating and choosing the Preferred Options according to a pre-agreed set of goals
- The goals are intended to capture the needs and wants of the community
- Developed by the WAC in June 2016
- "Decision Gates", to pass/fail on mandatory needs
- "Goals" -19 different goals in Economic, Environmental and Social
- 18 of them are referenced within the OCP, Comox Valley Sustainabilty Plan or other documents

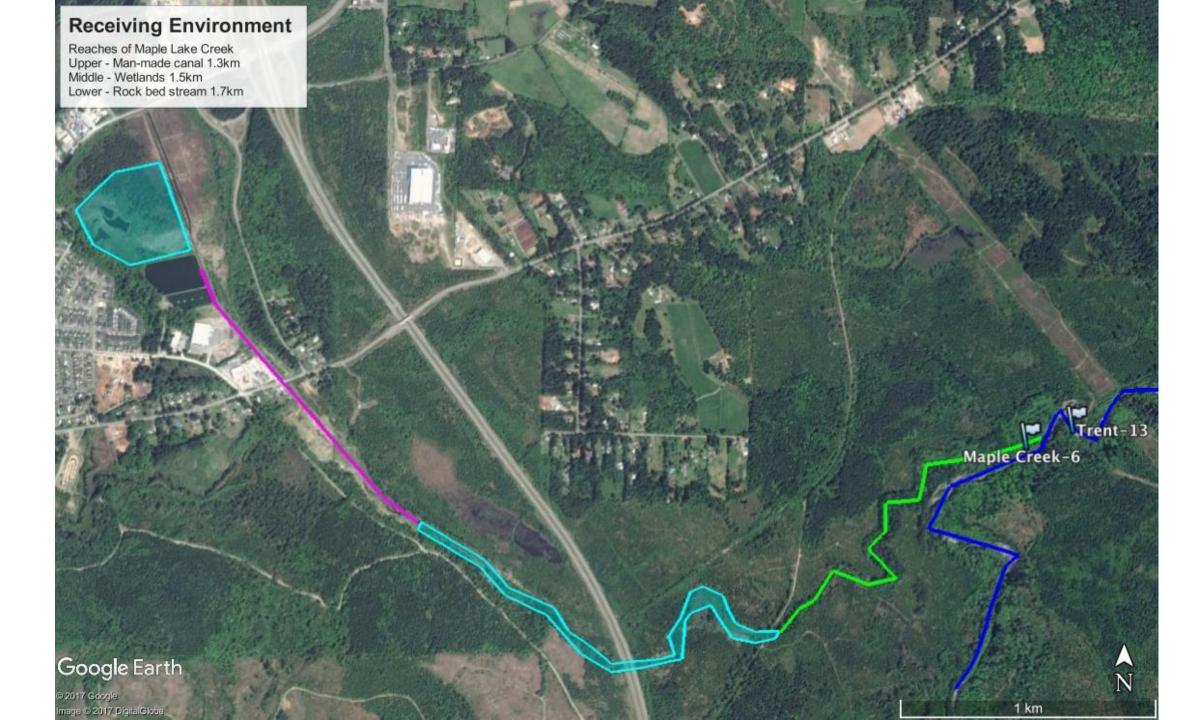


The Goals and **Evaluation System**

- It is not only how we evaluate options, but we also develop the options to achieve as many of the goals as possible
- Are the goals still relevant
- Is there a conflict between achieving goals and cost?
- Do we want to consider any changes?

Technical Memos for today...

- 5. Receiving Environment
- 1. Regulatory Framework
- 2. Financial Framework
- 3. Historical and Projected flows and loads
- 4. Lagoon System Performance
- 6. Discharge Options
- 7A Treatment Options
- **7B Comparison of Treatment Options**



DISCHARGE PERMIT TO MLC

BOD₅ ≤ 30 mg/L; TSS ≤ 30 mg/L; FC ≤ 200 MPN/100 mL; Total-P < 1.0 mg-P/L

DISCHARGE PERMIT + FEDERAL REGULATION TO MLC

• BOD₅ \leq 25 mg/L; TSS \leq 25 mg/L; FC \leq 200 MPN/100 mL; Total-P < 1.0 mg-P/L; NH₃ < 1.25 mg/L;

MWR MEP – INDIRECT DISCHARGE TO MLC THROUGH WETLANDS

BOD₅ ≤ 25 mg/L; TSS ≤ 25 mg/L; FC < 100 MPN/100 mL; Total-P < 1.0 mg-P/L; NH₃ < 1.25 mg/L

MWR GEP – DIRECT DISCHARGE TO MLC

BOD₅ ≤ 10 mg/L; TSS ≤ 10 mg/L; FC < 1 /100 mL; Total-P < 1.0 mg-P/L; NH₃ < 1.25 mg/L



Financial Framework

- 1. Cumberland has \$650k in Reserves
- 2. \$500k of this is committed to projects
- DCC is set at \$9.4k per house, collected as houses are approved
- Cumberland has a maximum borrowing capacity of \$7.1M
- There are regular grant funding opportunities
- There are *no guarantees* of receiving grant funding
- But Cumberland *must* make upgrades to meet Permit and Federal requirements by 2021

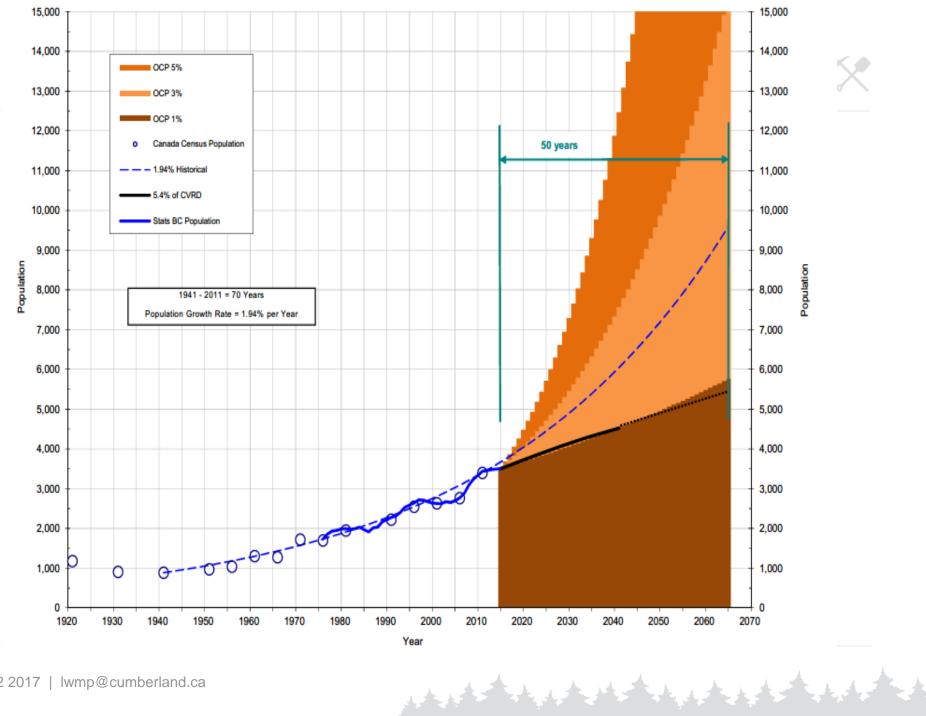


Financial Options

- 1. Cumberland can say "yes" to a project of less than \$7M
- 2. Any project greater than \$7m must wait until reserves have built up and/or grant funding is received



Population Growth

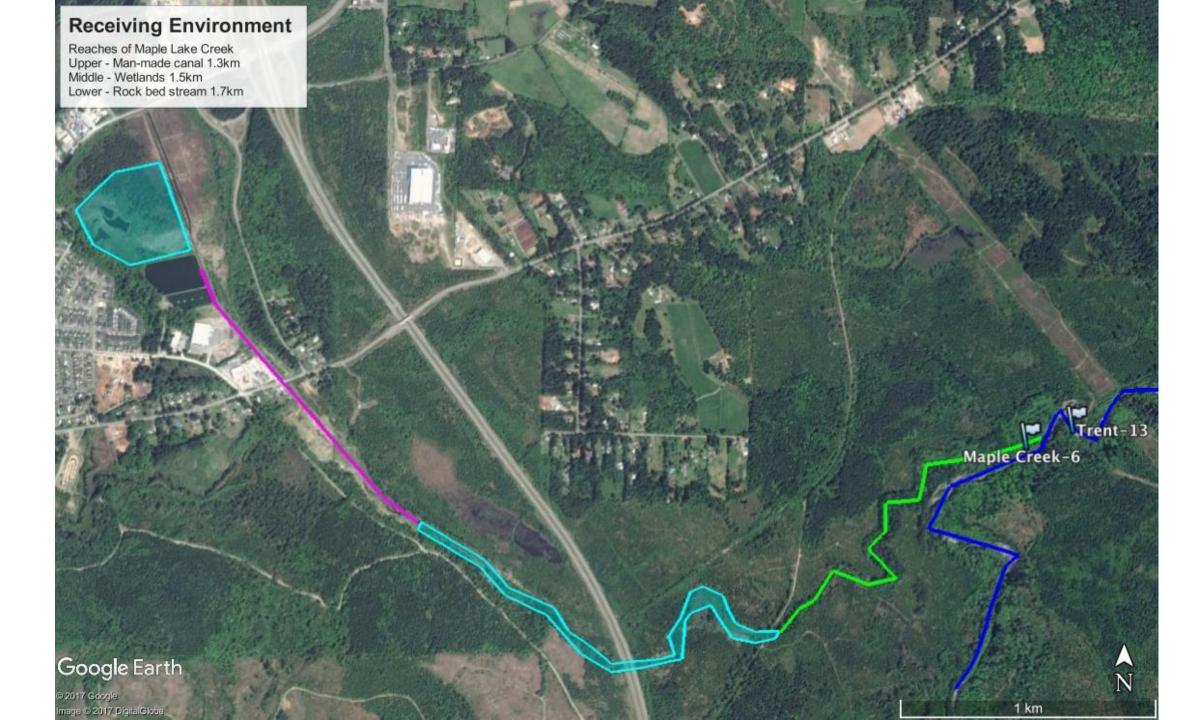


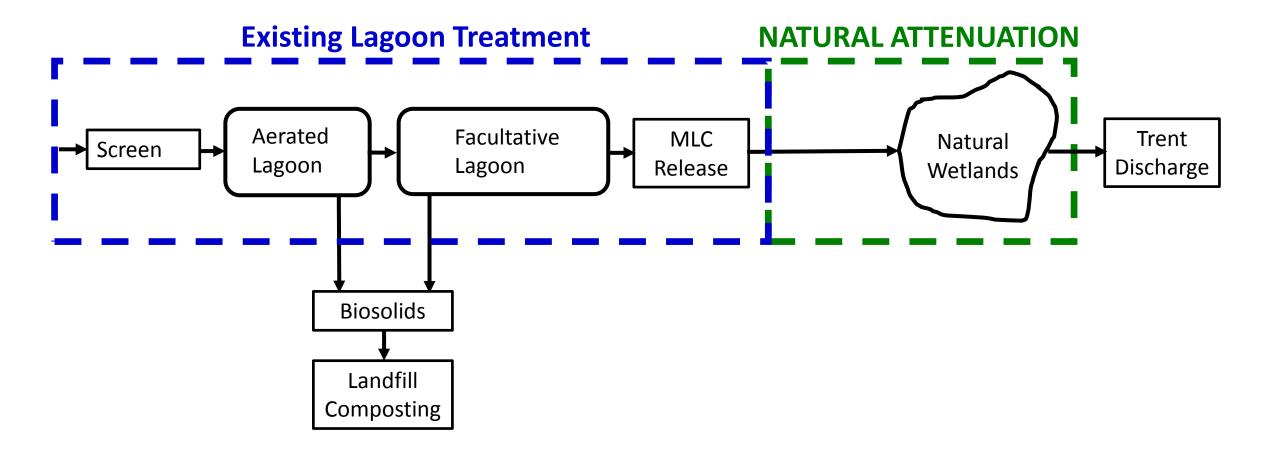


Flow and Load Model



Year	Population	ADWF	PWWF	Peaking Factor	Comments
	3% growth	cu.m/day	cu.m/day		
2016	3650	820	14,100	17	Baseline year
2017	3760	846	14400	17	
2018	3872	871	14400	16	
2019	3988	897	14400	16	Commissioning Year
2020	4108	924	13900	15	Permit ADWF (910 cu.m/day) exceeded
2023	4489	1010	12400	12	Permit +10% (1001 cu.m/day) exceeded
2025	4762	1071	11400	11	
2030	5521	1242	8900	7	
2035	6400	1440	6400	4	Minimum Peaking factor reached
2038	6994	1800	7200	4.0	End of 20 year Design Horizon







Trent 100 m D/S

< 6

< 6

< 4

Lagoon Performance

cumberland.ca

Description of the State of the						Cumberian	u.ca	
LOCATION	Total BOD	Soluble BOD	TSS	ТР	Ortho-P	NH4 ⁺	E. coli	Fecal Colif.
	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg-P/L)	(mg-P/L)	(mg-N/L)	CFU/100mL	CFU/100mL
Influent	292	175	282	6.8	4.08	41.4	1,350,000	2,176,750
Aerated Lagoon	38	8	100	6.4	4.46	43.2	16,100	115,500
Facultative Lagoon	17	< 6	49	4.7	3.50	24.6	2,692	12,618
Wetland Treatment	< 6	< 6	< 4	0.2	0.231	0.366	48	398
Trent 200 m U/S	< 6	< 6	<4	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.235	3	34

0.035

0.024

0.132

10

55

Maple Lake Creek Flow Study

Location	Flow (m³/d)	Measurement
MLC upstream of lagoons	Effectively zero	Visual observation
Lagoon discharge	800	Lagoon Measuring weir
End of MLC wetland reach (1 km upstream of Trent)	660	Temporary measuring weir
Trent River at Hwy 19 (1 km upstream of MLC)	660	Temporary measuring weir
Estimated flow in Trent at MLC confluence	1,320	Visual observation



Flow
Measurement
at end of
Maple Lake
Creek
Wetlands (site
6A)



Maple Lake Creek Phosphorus

Location	Avg. Total P (mg-P/L)	TP Load (kg-P/day)	Reduction from Effluent
MLC upstream of lagoons		0	
Lagoon discharge	5.6	4.5	Effluent
End of MLC	0.2	0.16	97%
Trent River 100m upstream of MLC)	< 0.005	< 0.004	Trent Baseline
Trent 100m downstream of MLC	0.035	0.063	99%

What does the water look like?
(Aug 2, 2017)





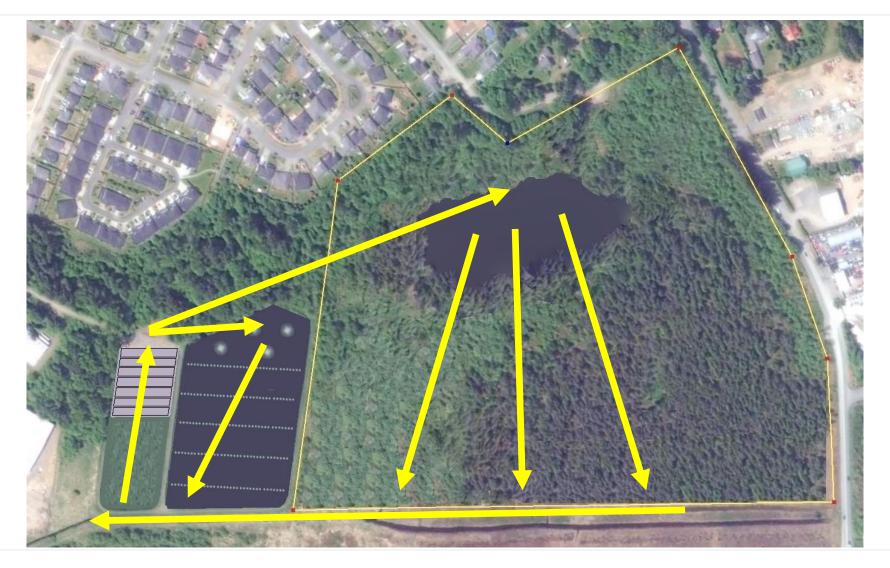
TM# 6 Conceptual **Discharge Options**

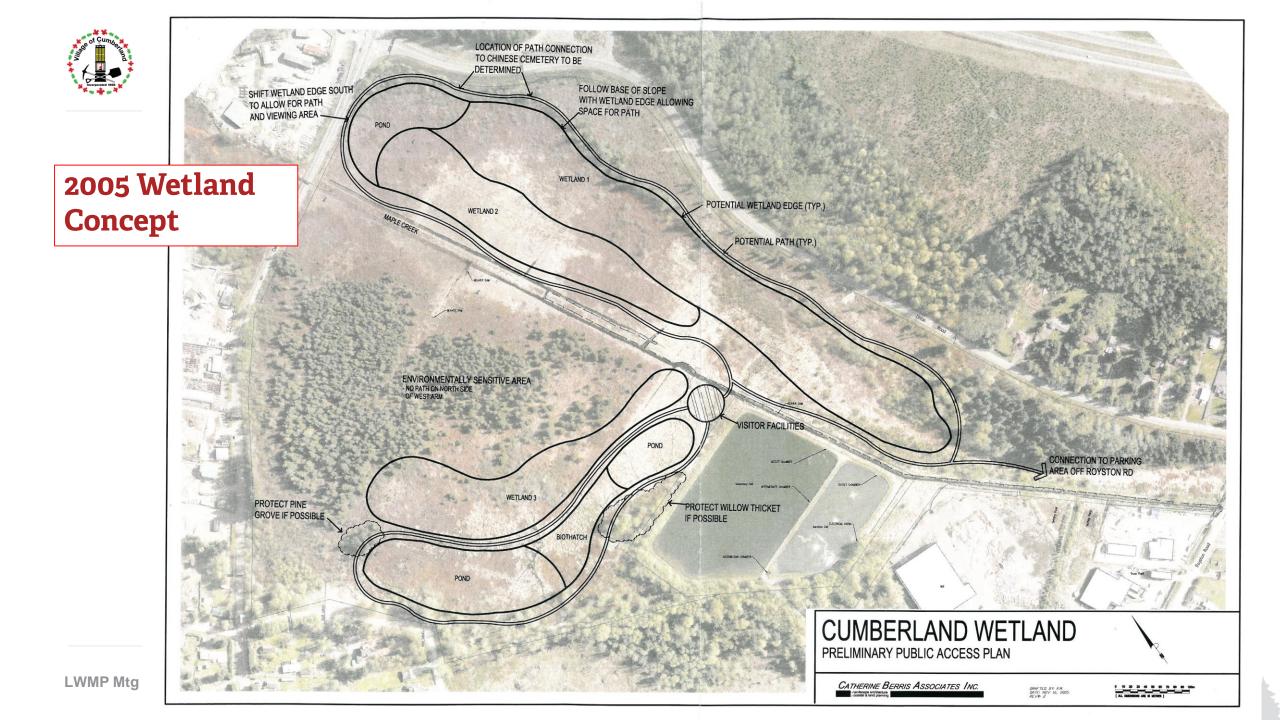
Season	Location	Result
Winter	Maple Lake Creek	Selected
Summer	1 Maple Lake Creek	Viable Option
	2. Storage Wetland	Ruled Out
	3 Storage Reservoir	Ruled Out
	4 Wetlands Distribution	Viable Option





Conceptual Layout of enhanced lagoon and wetland application





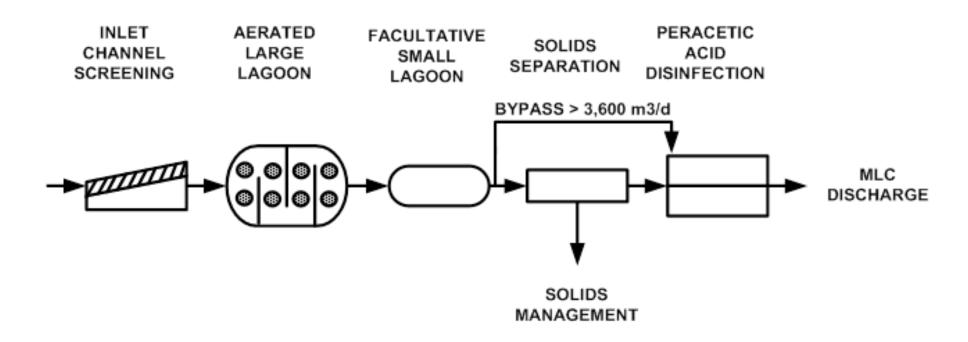


Conceptual **Treatment Options**

All options include Chemical Disinfection, for all Flows

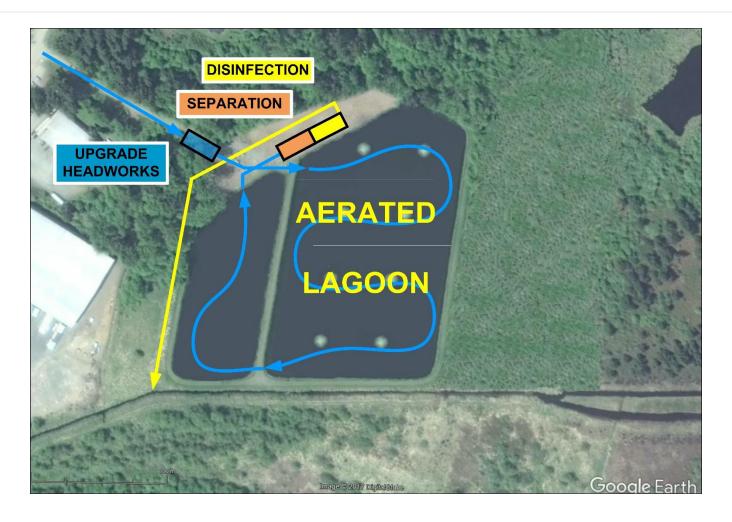
- **Option 1** Upgraded Lagoon to Meet Permit
- **Option 1A** Upgraded Lagoon to meet MWR MEP
- **Option 1B** Upgraded Lagoon to meet MWR GEP
- **Option 2** "Base Flow" mechanical (up to 2x ADWF, 3600 cu.m/day), excess to lagoons
- **Option 3** "Full Flow" mechanical, (up to 8xADWF, 14,400 cu.m/day) lagoons decommissioned

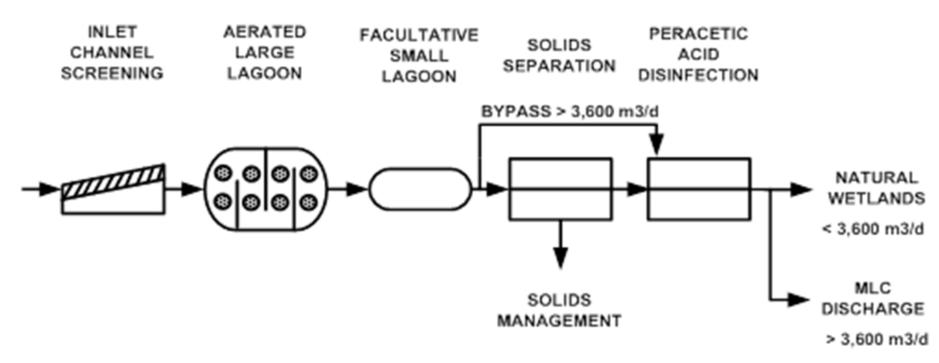




LAGOON OPTION 1

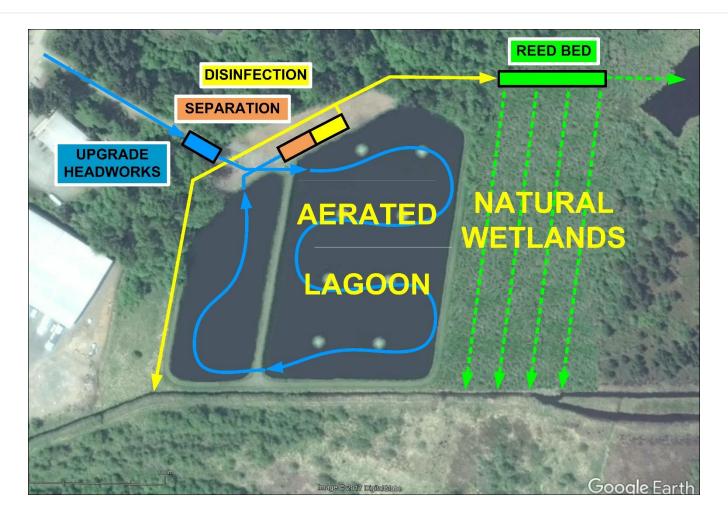
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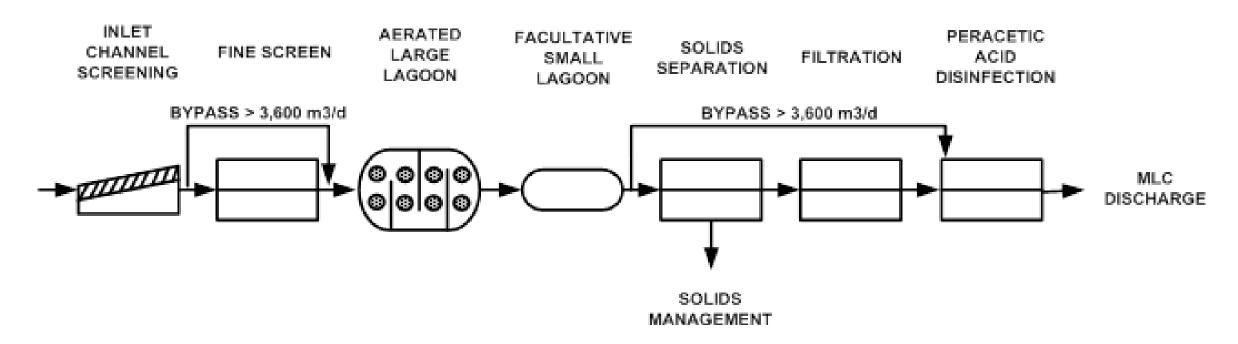




LAGOON OPTION 1A

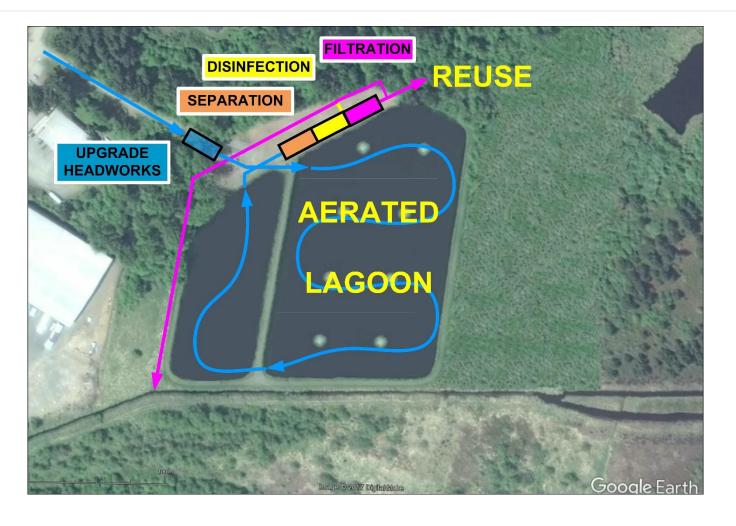
LAGOON OPTION 1A

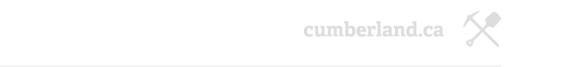


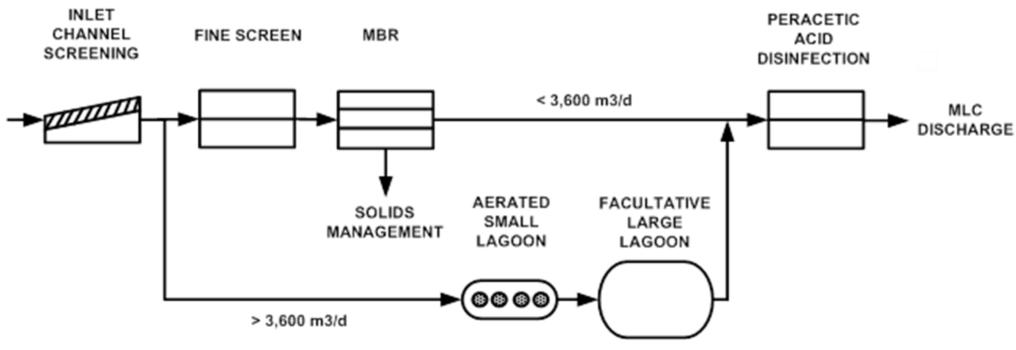


LAGOON OPTION 1B

LAGOON OPTION 1B

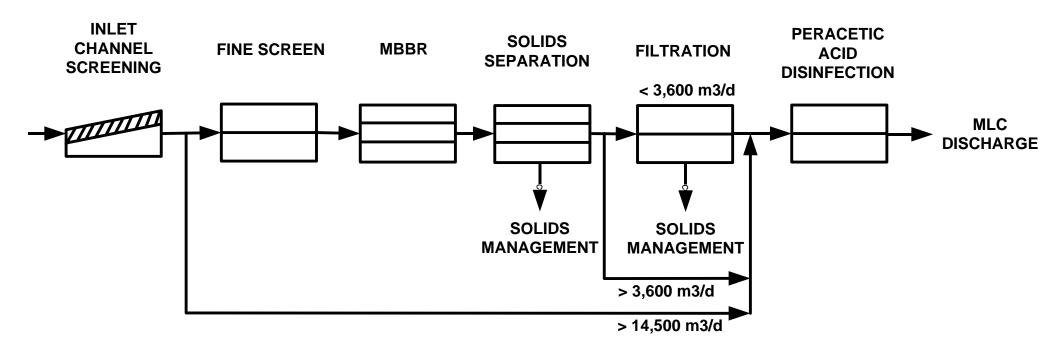






OPTION 2





OPTION 3





Option Comparison



	Option							
	1	1+1A	1+1A+ 1B	2	3			
Description	Upgraded Lagoon to	Upgraded Lagoon to	Upgraded Lagoon to	Base flow	Full flow			
	Permit Standard	MEP Reuse	GEP Reuse standard	mechanical to GEP	mechanical to GEP			
		standard, Wetland		reuse standard	reuse standard			
		Distribution						
Biosolids	Periodic dredging +	Periodic dredging +	Periodic dredging +	Full sludge	Full sludge			
Withdrawal	partial volume from	partial volume from	partial volume from	treatment	treatment			
	solids separation	solids separation	solids separation					
Long Term Biosolids	Low	Low	Moderate	High	Highest			
Production								
Operational Class	2-3	2-3	3	4	4			
Energy use	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	High	Highest			
Carbon Footprint	Low	Low	Moderate	High	Highest			



Option Cost Summary



Item	Option 1	Option 1A	Option 1B	Option 2	Option3
Construction Subtotal	\$ 3.7 M	\$ 2.4 M	\$ 2.0 M	\$ 5.4 M	\$8.0
Engineering & Project Management	\$ 0.4 M	\$ 0.3 M	\$ 0.3 M	\$ 0.8 M	\$0.8
Other Owners Costs	\$ 0.2 M	\$ 0.2 M	\$ 0.2 M	\$ 0.6 M	\$1.2
Material Contingency	\$ 0.3 M	\$ 0.3 M	\$ 0.1 M	\$ 0.7 M	\$0.8
Project Contingency (25%)	\$ 1.0 M	\$ 0.7 M	\$ 0.6 M	\$ 1.8 M	\$2.7
Option Increment	\$ 5.6 M	\$ 3.9 M	\$ 3.2 M		
Option Total	\$ 5.6 M	\$ 9.5 M	\$ 12.7 M	\$ 9.3 M	\$13.5 M



Preliminary Tax Burden **Calculation**

Notes

- Tax calculations are for comparison purposes only, and have not been reviewed by Cumberland financial staff
- Borrowing costs are based on the financing and borrowing parameters used for the Nov 2016 Grant Application.
- The Tax Burden calculation assumes 100% of the cost is borrowed, for 20 years, at 4% interest, this cost is distributed among the existing 1350 houses and other properties.
- Option 1 is an intermediate option only, to a population 4500 people, and is not directly comparable to the other options, which are all for growth to 7000 people.

Preliminar y Tax Burden Calculatio n

	Option 1 (intermediate phase)	1+1A	1+1A+1B	Option 2	Option 3
Capital Cost	\$ 5.6 M	\$9.5M	12.7M	\$ 9.3 M	\$14.8 M
Tax burden per house (\$55 per \$1M)	\$310	\$525	\$700	\$520	\$800
Annual operating cost (including biosolids)	\$350 k	\$375k	\$425k	\$450 k	\$500 k
Operating cost per house (1350 houses)	\$260	\$280	\$315	\$335	\$370
Total annual cost per house	\$570	\$805	\$1015	\$855	\$1170



Evaluation...

- Select a preferred discharge Option
- Select a preferred treatment Option
- Are the resource recovery concepts (reclaimed water, heat recovery) worth pursuing in the near, or long term?
- At the end of 2017, the preferred direction is set, completing LWMP Stage 2



Fall 2017 meeting schedule

- Nov 23 public Open House (evening)
- Nov 30 (1-4) review feedback, formal Evaluations, finalise Recommendations.
- Dec 11 present recommendations to Council



2018 Stage 3

- Refine Implementation Plan
- Financing Plan
 - Grants
 - User fees
 - DCC's
 - Borrowing
- Documentation
- **Public Consultation**
- Submit Final Report to MoE

Thank You!